

A Captain In the Ranks

By...
GEORGE
CARY
EGGLESTON

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CHAPTER VII.

DURING the next four or five days Gullford Duncan was kept busy with various small employments, some of them out of doors and some of them in the office. During this time Captain Hallam did not again engage him in conversation, but Duncan knew that the man of business was closely observing his work. He was not slow to discover that he was giving satisfaction. He saw that with each day the work assigned him was of a kind that required a higher intelligence than that of the day before.

Every evening the cashier paid him his day's wages, thus reminding him that he was not a salaried employee of the house, but a man working for wages from day to day.

Out of his first wages he had purchased a change of very cheap underwear, a towel and a cake of soap. Every morning about daylight he went to a secluded spot on the levee for a scrub and a swim. Then he washed out his towel and placed it, with his other small belongings, in a storage place he had discovered in a great lumber pile.

One morning when he entered the office Captain Hallam gave him several business letters to answer from memoranda scribbled upon them by clerks or others. He gave him also a memorandum in his own handwriting, saying:

"Cut that down if you can and make a telegram of it. I'll be back in half an hour or so. Have it ready for me."

The case was this: A huge steamboat lay at the levee loaded almost to the water's edge with grain, which Captain Hallam was more than anxious to hurry to New Orleans to meet a sudden temporary and very marked advance in that market. That morning the boat had been "tied up," as the phrase went—that is to say, she had been legally attached for debt at the suit of a firm in St. Louis. Until the

attachment should be removed the boat must lie at Cairo in charge of a sheriff's officer. Captain Hallam wished to secure her immediate release, and to that end he purposed sending the telegram.

When he returned to the office Duncan handed him for inspection and signature the letters he had written.

"Here is the telegram also," he said, "but if you will pardon the impertinence I think you had better not send it, at least in the form you have given it."

"What's the matter?" quickly snapped Hallam.

"It binds you to more than I think you intend."

"Go on! Explain!"

"Why, I cannot help seeing that if you send this dispatch you will make yourself legally responsible, not only for the claim for which the boat is now attached, but also for every claim against her that may exist anywhere. There may be none such, or there may be many. In any case, I do not think you intend to assume them all."

"Go on! The boat must be got away. What do you advise?"

"That you go on her bond for this claim, which seems to me so clearly illegal that I think you can never be held upon the bond—and—"

"Remind me when this is over that you are to come to my house tonight for consultation on that point. Now go on."

DOCTORS MISTAKES

Are said often to be buried six feet under ground. By many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they present alike to themselves and their easy-going or over-busy doctor, separate diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality, they are all only symptoms caused by some uterine disease. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, keeps up his treatment until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better. The doctor, finding wrong treatment, but probably worse. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, directed to the cause would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said, that "a disease known is half cured."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate system. It is made of native American medicinal roots and is perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the female system.

As a powerful invigorating tonic "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," run-down, debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervous "Favorite Prescription" is unequalled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic diseases of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription invigorates the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

"Well, by going on her bond for this claim instead of asking the creditors to release the boat on your promise as made in the telegram you can secure her immediate release, making yourself liable, at worst, for no more than the \$600 claimed."

"But if I do that, what is to prevent another tie-up at Memphis and another



"If you like I'll put you at regular work at a monthly salary."

er at Vicksburg and others wherever the boat may happen to land? She's in debt up to the top of her smokestacks all along the river."

"As you own the cargo and she can't carry another ton, why should you let her stop at all? I suppose the captain would do as you desire in that matter."

The captain understood. After half an hour spent in legal formalities the released steamboat cast loose from the wharf and backed out into the river.

Then Captain Hallam turned to Gullford Duncan and said:

"I've an idea that you'll do. If you like I'll put you at regular work at a monthly salary, and we'll see how we get on together."

"I should like that."

"Very well. Now, where are you boarding?"

"Nowhere. I get what I want to eat at the booths down along the levee."

"But where do you sleep?"

"Among the big lumber piles down there on Fourth street."

Captain Hallam looked at the young man for a moment with something like admiration in his eyes. Presently he said:

"You must live better now. There's a well furnished room above the office. It was my brother's quarters before he got married, and it is very comfortable. You can take it for your own. Give Dutch John, the scrub boy, half a dollar a week to take care of it for you, and that's all the rent you need pay. As for your meals, most young men in Cairo feed their faces at the hotel. But that's expensive, and what the proprietor calls his 'kuzene' is distinctly bad. There's a lady, however, Mrs. Deming, who furnishes very good 'square meals,' I hear, over in Walnut street. You'd better try there, I think. She's what you would call a gentlewoman, but she needs all the money you'll pay her."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Attacking Creighton's Will.

Omaha, March 14.—Those nephews and nieces of the late John A. Creighton who were not mentioned in his will will make an attempt to break the instrument. The amount left by Mr. Creighton is estimated at \$7,500,000, one-fourth being bequeathed to relatives and three-fourths to charitable and educational institutions.

Deed of an Insane Man.

Auburn, R. I., March 14.—While insane, Irving T. Peckham, superintendent of the Glenard Knitting mills of Woonsocket, shot and seriously injured his father, Samuel O. Peckham, and afterward committed suicide. Both men have been prominent in the Rhode Island textile industry.

Senatorial Deadlock.

Providence, R. I., March 14.—The 26th ballot for United States senator was taken in the legislature today without change.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Springfield, O., is experiencing the worst flood since 1898.

The improvement in Archie Roosevelt's condition continues.

The Monongahela, Allegheny & Ohio rivers are rising rapidly.

Heavy rains have caused a danger stage of the rivers at Pittsburgh.

Lewis Fry, a prominent farmer living near Monticello, was killed by lightning.

James J. Hill declares that railroad rates will be advanced in the Northwest in place of being reduced.

President Roosevelt today signed an order putting into effect the passport amendment of the Immigration bill.

The reports that Americans have been impressed for service in the Honduras army are declared to be untrue.

Complete plans for the consolidation into one fleet of all American cruising vessels in the Pacific ocean have been announced.

The Rise of Jimmie Johnson.



IV.—DEPARTMENT MANAGER.

Still Jim Johnson watched the papers, saw a "WANTED" AD., Went and found a better job than any he had had; Managed a department now, this plucky young man James Johnson, who was climbing up with high and honest aims.

ENTIRELY AT SEA

Wall Street Divided In Opinion as to Whether the Worst Is Yet to Come.

THE FATEFUL THIRTEENTH

This Date Witnessed Such a Tumble In Stocks as Has Not Been Witnessed In Years.

Drastic Liquidation Has Left a Feeling of Acute Nervousness Among Stock Traders.

New York, March 14.—The stock market was shaken into demoralization yesterday by a course of liquidation which for violence and precipitation had not been equalled in New York for several years past. The overwhelming outpouring of stocks came as a general surprise, as extensive progress was supposed to have been already effected in the necessary liquidation to meet the present situation. This supposition had been fostered by the action of the market for several days past, but apparently the exigencies of the money situation had been grossly underestimated. Alarm for the adequacy of available supplies to meet immediate or early requirements is acute today, not only in New York, but in London and in less degree in Berlin. The constriction of credits fell on an unsuspected extension of speculative accounts, and they were indiscriminately forced to sale, apparently at any sacrifice. Banking credits were practically withdrawn from the stock market, and borrowers were called on to pay their obligations. At the same time bids in the market for stocks seemed to be withdrawn and prices were offered down points at a time before the absorptive demand.

The immediate pressure on the money market, which precipitated this series of events, was attributed especially to the large demands converging on the 15th of the present month. These include subscriptions to new Chicago & Northwestern stock, to a Pennsylvania note issue and several large dividends, including the Standard Oil and the Consolidated Gas. Preparations for these payments were in force yesterday and involved a higher money rate from the outset. The banking position was weak at the close of last week and the sub-treasury has taken from the banks since that time upward of \$4,000,000, more than sufficient to wipe out the surplus as it existed on Saturday. The customs collections of the government are running on a very large scale, but the banks are taking advantage of the new limit of \$9,000,000 on monthly retirement of circulation to retire the full allowance, and deposits of money at the sub-treasury for that purpose are increasing largely the withdrawals from the banks. Meantime, the treasury department has given no intimation of an intention to use the new discretionary power of the secretary to deposit customs receipts with the national banks. London already was upset by the money situation. Before the market opened foreigners began to unload holdings here in a way that started prices sharply downward. The liquidation steadily gained force through the accumulation of influences which follows inevitably from a violent decline in prices, and the market became quite demoralized. Seemingly, the absolute necessity for further drastic liquidation became recognized. A feeling of hopelessness over any early market to insure the success of this operation prompted the spasmodic method pursued. The acute weakness of the Hill and Harriman stocks indicated that the semipermanent was the aftergrowth of the unbridled speculation in those stocks entered on last fall and which has never been satisfactorily cleared up in the market since. Such a day must necessarily have accomplished much toward the purpose. The violent rally in the latter part of the day indicated the

cessation of the pressure, but the closing tone was exceedingly nervous and with some stocks at the lowest and others fast falling back to their previous low levels. Union Pacific especially broke violently at the last, an extreme 11 1/2 below Tuesday's final price. The fall in the Hill stocks was almost as violent, and in Reading reached over 12. St. Paul, Northwestern, Canadian Pacific, Amalgamated Copper and Colorado Fuel fell upward of seven points. The range of losses for practically all active stocks ran from four to over six points. The extent of the shock of such an enormous shrinkage in values is not to be estimated immediately. Even after the fall in prices was checked, important after-effects of wide extent are to be looked for. The nervous action of the market at the last left opinion entirely at sea as to whether the worst has been seen there or not.

Inquiry after the close of the market developed nothing to show that any of the stock exchange houses was in trouble. It was said that brokers had had plenty of time to prepare for the situation by calling on their customers for margins and that the losses were suffered by those who had held on to their stock and not by the brokers.

PRESIDENT INTERESTED

Roosevelt Has Been Asked to Help Reform Naughty New York.

Washington, March 14.—The decline of religious interest in New York, particularly among workingmen, was the subject of a conference at the White House between the president and Dr. A. P. Atterbury, president; Walter Laidlow, secretary, and Dr. Donald McKay, representing the Federation of Churches of that city.

Their visit was for the purpose of enlisting the president's aid toward arousing a greater interest in religion in New York and thereby effecting the establishment of additional churches. It was pointed out that there are three less Protestant churches in New York than there were six years ago, although there are six more Catholic churches and eighteen more synagogues. The federation believes, however, that notwithstanding these increases, religious interest in New York is on the wane and its members are doing everything possible to check the condition by holding daily services in various parts of the city where considerable numbers of working men are employed.

The president displayed deep interest in the matter and promised to aid the cause in every way possible.

DEATH LIST GROWS

Victims of French Naval Disaster Number 120.

Toulon, March 14.—The efforts to recover the bodies of those killed by the explosion on board the French battleship Iena, have not yet resulted in definitely fixing the number of casualties. After the last roll-call there were still unaccounted for eight officers and 110 men. Unfortunately there is little doubt that all these missing men perished. The roll-call was applied only to the crew of the Iena, but as it is believed that some twelve or fifteen arsenal hands were engaged on board the battleship at the time of the explosion, it is feared that the total number of dead will reach 120.

Harvard Retains Football.

Boston, March 14.—The long-pending question of whether Harvard would be permitted to engage further in intercollegiate sports was disposed of when the board of overseers of the college, accepting the recommendations of a majority of a special committee, voted to authorize intercollegiate athletics, though in a restricted form. This means that football and other games will be continued at Harvard as the corporation of the university has already accepted the report of the sub-committee.

Orders Modified.

Washington, March 14.—In a letter to Secretary Garfield, President Roosevelt has directed a modification of the orders issued under his direction last year, withdrawing certain lands from coal entry. Conformably to the president's directions, about 28,000 acres of coal land will be immediately opened to entry with other lands to be opened as rapidly as the geological survey can make these proper examinations.

BUSINESS AROUSED

Commercial Louisville Finds That a Streetcar Strike Is Not a Desirable Thing.

SUBMIT TO ARBITRATION

This Is the Plea Commercial Bodies Are Urging Upon the Strikers and the Company.

The Outlook This Afternoon Is Favorable to an Early Settlement of the Trouble.

Louisville, Ky., March 14.—Peace hovers near in the strike of the union employees of the Louisville Railway company. As the result of strong pressure brought to bear by the business interests of the city, especially the directors of the "Greater Louisville" exposition and the Commercial club, a conference was held attended by the representatives of these bodies and the directors of the railway company and a committee representing the strikers. At first it was thought that an agreement could be reached at once to submit the issues to arbitration and have the men resume work pending the final settlement. The proceedings were kept secret, but it was learned on good authority that the commercial bodies confidently expect the strike to be in process of arbitration and car service fully resumed by tonight.

Aside from the peace conference the principal incident of the day was the issuance of an order by Mayor Barth for the swearing in of 100 extra policemen.

Two outbreaks of rather formidable proportions occurred in the business section of the city yesterday. The first was precipitated at Fourth and Jefferson streets, the busiest corner in the city, and was caused by a cab driver blocking a Second street car with his cab and then attempting to tear off the heavy wire screen with which all cars were provided for the protection of motormen. The cab driver was promptly arrested and three policemen started to walk him to the central police station at the city hall, a block away. Over a thousand people surged around and made attempts to rescue the prisoner. Heavy reinforcements of police prevented this, but the crowd was not dispersed until a score or more of arrests were made. No one was seriously hurt.

The second outbreak occurred at Seventh and Main streets, where a carload of strike-breakers, arriving from St. Louis on the Southern railroad, was being transferred to a suburban express car. The strike-breakers were protected by police during the transfer, but the minute they were aboard the express car a volley of missiles crashed into it, several of those inside being slightly hurt. Here also a large number of arrests were made.

STATEHOOD IS NEAR

Little Remains Now to Close the Deal for Oklahoma.

Guthrie, Okla., March 14.—By a provision in the report of the committee on schedules adopted by the constitutional convention today the present laws of Oklahoma "not repugnant to the constitution, shall be in force in the new state." The report further provides that the constitution shall take effect as soon as the president's formal proclamation is issued and that all incorporated cities and towns in the two territories shall continue their corporate existence under the new state laws. A disposition of civil and criminal cases now pending is made by ordering their transfer to the new Oklahoma supreme and district courts. President Murray has named a steering committee of seven to assure adjournment this week.

To Help the Dakota.

London, March 14.—On the representations of the London underwriters, who stand in the position of losing something like \$2,500,000 in the event of the total loss of the Great Northern Steamship company's liner Dakota, which ran ashore in the Bay of Tokio March 3, the British admiralty has requested the Japanese government to send a warship to the scene of the wreck and render every possible assistance in salvaging the steamer.

Horses Perish in Flames.

New York, March 14.—Edwin D. Morgan's stable at Wheatley Hills, L. I., was destroyed by fire last night and many horses perished in the flames. The animals were blue ribbon winners. The fire was caused by the bursting of a boiler. Damage estimated at \$100,000.

Penalty for Striking an Editor.

Atlanta, Ga., March 14.—J. H. Crutcheff, who assaulted Colonel John Temple Graves was fined \$100 and sent to the city stockade to spend the next seven days. He was also bound over to the higher courts under a \$1,000 bond on a charge of assault and battery.

Further Delay for Reef.

San Francisco, March 14.—The hearing of "Boss" Reef in Judge Dunne's court has been delayed again, adjournment having been taken until Monday.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

A wholesome cream of tartar baking powder. Makes the finest, lightest, best flavored biscuit, hot-breads, cake and pastry.

Royal Baking Powder is free from alum and phosphatic acids

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

STILL SWINGING THE AX

Several Bills Vetoed by Governor Since Legislature Adjourned.

Indianapolis, March 14.—Among the bills vetoed by Governor Hanly since the legislature adjourned are the following: Enabling school trustees in towns of less than 500 to raise funds for the purchase of school sites and the erection of buildings thereon. The governor's reason for the veto was that the classification of towns was "unreasonable, narrow and arbitrary," and that the legislation was clearly local and special; repealing the tax ferret law of 1905. The governor said the latter was a good law and should stand; relating to the filing of motions for new trials in civil cases. The governor said the title was defective and the act, therefore, unconstitutional; the "mortgage exemption" act increasing the limit of exemption from \$700 to \$1,200 on real estate. "Under the present law \$48,000,000 of property was exempt from taxation last year," said the governor in his veto message. "To place the exemption at \$1,200 would exempt \$83,000,000 of property from taxation." So he vetoed the bill; transferring funds in the state treasury. The title was defective, the governor said; relating to the plugging of abandoned gas and oil wells. The title was defective, said the veto message. Druggists throughout the state are waiting with breathless anxiety to hear the fate of the Beardsley measure. If the governor signs it they will be able to sell intoxicating liquors in quantities of a quart or more without the purchasers presenting a prescription from a physician. A statement must be signed by the buyer, however, stating for what purpose the liquor is to be used, and it must not be for beverage purposes. There is a feeling in many quarters that the governor will veto the bill. This belief appears to be based largely on the fact that he leans toward temperance.

Some of the Republican papers of the state are beginning to hand it to Governor Hanly since the legislature adjourned. The Indianapolis Star, which is now regarded as the party organ, goes after the governor today in an editorial under the caption of "Our Two-Sided Governor." In part it says: "The governor's administration from its first hour has presented a record of struggle with entrenched abuses. There is not a time-honored betrayal of the people's interests which has not encountered his stern opposition and unremitting vigilance. In all this he has been steadfast in purpose, but increasingly maladroit in method. He has grown dictatorial to a fault, more and more impatient of opposition, less and less charitable to those from whom he differs. The mistake he makes is in confusing himself with the whole state government and in denying to all who oppose him any sincerity or worthiness of purpose. Whatever Governor Hanly is intensely interested in and meets opposition in becomes 'a moral question.' He supplies in his own person the entire moral content of the problem. Whoso should chance to disagree with him is flying in the face of morality and is making his bed with all unspeakable and unworthy elements of corruption, vice and crime. It could not be avoided that the legislature and other state officials and influential private citizens without number would be alienated and angered by this relentless program of rule or ruin. Its result is seen in the bitter hostility of the legislature to the governor's recommendations and especially in the failure of the insurance reform bill. There need be no doubt whatever that if his veto message on the metropolitan police bill, with its cumulative aspersions of the legislature's motives, had been read in full to the house instead of in very small part, it would have passed the bill over his veto at once and with practical unanimity.

Denial of the stories of damage to the Kansas wheat crop by the "green bug" caused a sharp decline in prices on the Chicago exchange.

The Great Miami river is on a rampage and many people about Piqua have been forced to leave their homes and seek shelter elsewhere.

Another Technicality Otrudes Itself in the Thaw Case.

New York, March 14.—In yesterday's session of the Thaw trial District Attorney Jerome found his opportunity to attack Thaw and Evelyn Nesbit in arguing on the question of the admissibility of the testimony which Abraham Hummel, the lawyer, who is under indictment for subornation of perjury in the Dodge-Morse divorce case, has to offer. During his argument the district attorney took on for the first time since the case began, a sustained oratorical tone. He asserted that Hummel would never Evelyn Nesbit told him three days after her return from Europe in 1903 that Thaw had beaten her cruelly because she would not sign papers he had prepared, falsely accusing Stanford White of having drugged and betrayed her. Mr. Jerome contended that she had told much more, that Thaw seemed bent on putting Stanford White in the penitentiary, that the statement that White had betrayed her was not true, that Stanford White had never harmed her, and that Thaw was consumed with rage when she refused to sign and swear to the papers containing "lies against Stanford White."

Mr. Delmas objected to Hummel as a witness on the ground that his testimony had to do with the truth or falsity of Mrs. Thaw's narration and was not permissible under the rules of evidence.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

A British Lord and ex-Convict Again in Trouble.

London, March 14.—Lord William Beauchamp Neville, fourth son of the Marquis of Abergavenny, is again in the hands of the authorities, and last evening was remanded at a police court charged with stealing jewelry by means of a trick. Lord Neville was sentenced to five years penal servitude at the Old Bailey Feb. 15, 1898, for fraud in connection with a promissory note, the prosecutor being Captain Spender-Clay, son-in-law of Wm. Waldorf-Astor. In the present case Lord Neville is charged with stealing a box containing \$2,000 worth of pearls and diamonds, by exchanging it for a similar box apparently containing the jewels but which, when opened, was found to contain two pieces of coal wrapped in tissue paper.

A Novel Defense.

Coshocton, O., March 14.—To what extent society and the ban of the churches are responsible for a crime will be considered in the trial of Ida Bordenkeshner, whose trial for the murder of her husband on Christmas day is in progress here. It is said that the defense will claim that Mrs. Bordenkeshner endeavored to live a pure life, but that she was refused admittance to the church and barred from any recognition by the better elements on account of her previous life. She gave up in despair and resumed her evil ways, and the murder was committed during a drunken brawl.

President Converts San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 14.—The San Francisco board of education adopted resolutions agreed upon at the conference with President Roosevelt at Washington, rescinding their act in segregating Japanese pupils in the public schools. It is understood the board will abide by this action provided the president retains his attitude regarding the limitation of Japanese immigration.

A BAD BREATH

is a bar to good society and the cause of many broken engagements.

Have you tried PAXTINE Toilet Antiseptic for this?

It not only purifies the mouth, but its delicious flavor creates a refreshing cleanliness which makes one conscious of possessing a sweet and wholesome breath.

Used every night before retiring it prevents bad taste and breath in the morning.

W. F. P. er Drug Co., Seymour

ADVANCE SALE

ON

INGRAIN WOOL CARPETS

FOR EARLY BUYERS

55c value in wool chain and filling
Now per yard.....

48c

Our 65c all wool chain and filling
For this sale per yard.....

59c

L. F. MILLER & CO

Progress Clothes

EASTER!

Think of it in a few weeks is Easter. Are you prepared to greet the day properly? How about your Suit? Is your Hat right? How are your Gloves, Tie, etc.? Come in and size up our new spring things.

It will pay you to come here. Here are only the new fresh styles.

See What We Have for Easter

Men's Spring Suits \$5.00 up to \$18.00
Young Men's Suits \$4.50 up to \$16.50
Children's Suits \$1.50 up to \$ 5.00
Spring Hats \$1.00 up to \$ 3.00

ADOLPH STEINWEDEL.

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH
J. W. A. REMY

Editors and Publishers

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana Postoffice as second-class matter.

DAILY

One Year.....\$6.00
Six Months.....3.50
Three Months.....1.25
One Month......45
One Week......10

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance.....\$1.30

THURSDAY MARCH 14, 1907

ONLY fifteen more bills were vetoed by Governor Hanly Wednesday.

FASSETT A. Cotton, state superintendent of public instruction, regards the session of the state legislature which has just come to a close as a record-breaker in its work for education. He says that the schools of the state have not fared as well in thirty years at the hands of any legislature.

Roadmaster Thomas Plunkett of the Pennsylvania line, came down from Columbus some time after six o'clock Wednesday evening on a special, en route to Crothersville to see after the work crews that were at work there doing what they could to save the company's tracks near the south fork of the Muscatatuck river.

Hot chocolate and pure home made candies at the Sparta Confectionary, the Greek candy store. m14d

TRAIN SERVICE

Badly Crippled By Washouts On B. & O. S-W and Pennsylvania Lines.

The B. & O. S-W. and the Pennsylvania lines have had quite a proposition in getting trains over their lines since yesterday. The conditions are now improved on the B. & O. S-W and they had five passenger trains in here between twelve and one o'clock this afternoon. The Pennsylvania has had no trains between this city and Scottsburg since 3:35 Wednesday afternoon.

Passengers coming north on the 3:35 train claimed that they could feel the track giving away. A freight train ten minutes behind them was not allowed to pass over. The trouble was at the trestle south of the south fork of the Muscatatuck River where it was thought this morning that possibly several hundred feet of the track was washed out. The south abutment at the Langdon bridge has possibly been undermined and the bridge at that place put out of service. A large force of men are at work with two or three work trains but there is no time set as to when they expect to have the track in order. Some trains have been detouring by North Vernon. Some trains came down from the north and backed to Indianapolis. The extent of the damage can not be told till the water recedes.

The B. & O. S-W had a washout east of Vallonia and one west and a land slide covered the track near Ft. Ritner. There were also numerous washouts and weak places in the track east of here. No. 8, due at 4:32 yesterday was hemmed in at Ft. Ritner last night and arrived here this morning at 9:15. Other B. & O. S-W trains arrived as follows: Train No. 6, due here at 5:51 p. m., arrived here about 12:30 today as one of the two sections of No. 12; No. 12, due at 4:40 a. m., arrived here about 12:30; No. 4, due at 9:08 a. m. arrived about 12:45; No. 7 westbound, due at 10:19, arrived about 12:05 and No. 1, due at 11:18, arrived about 12:55. No. 1 had thirteen slow orders between Storrs and North Bend.

The Southern Indiana had two or three washouts and some other bad places but their trains were about on time this morning. Train No. 1, due here at 11:15 a. m., reached Bedford five hours late yesterday and returned from there to Terre Haute. So there was no No. 1 in yesterday on that road and no No. 3 to leave here at 3:35 p. m. Other trains on that road were several hours late yesterday and last night.

WANTED TO GET HOME.

John Reymann, the horse buyer from Salem, was one of the out of town people who was tied up here last evening, on account of the crippled train service in every direction, and wanted to get home mighty bad. He soon learned that he could not get west on the B. & O. and his next idea was to go to Louisville by way of the Pennsylvania line and go out from there on the Monon. It kept thundering and lightning till it was almost impossible to get a long distance telephone call through to Salem but he spent considerable time in an effort to do so. Every few minutes he would get some report that he could get a train later or that he could not, or that he would be able to get a telephone call through, or again in a few minutes that he would not. Finally when a special came down from Columbus en route to the washout at the Jersey bridge, he boarded that only to be informed about the time he got seated that that train could only take him to Crothersville. Then when he was again encouraged to think that he would succeed in getting his telephone call through to Salem, the word came back that the Salem line was in trouble. Later, when the 5:45 train came in from the north about an hour late and transferred to the B. & O. S-W, he and some of his friends boarded that and went by way of North Vernon and Jeffersonville and expected to arrive at Salem, thirty-five miles distant from here, some time this morning.

RAPID RISE AT LANGDON.

J. W. Benham, of Crothersville, came up on the 3:35 train Wednesday afternoon and was compelled to remain in this city over night on account of the lack of train service, caused by the washout of the trestle at the Muscatatuck River. According to his report the rapid rise of the north fork

of the Muscatatuck River yesterday was something almost unprecedented. At 7:50 Wednesday morning the river was scarcely out of its banks at that place and at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon it was up in about six inches of the railway ties—a rise of some five feet in a little more than eight hours. At 4 p. m. the little shanties near the Muscatatuck bridge were about half way under water. While it is expected that the interurban line will perhaps suffer considerably from the effects of the high waters and heavy rains no serious damage had been reported yet early this morning.

TICKET OFFICE FLOODED.

While there was a shortage of trains, and consequently no baggage to work, Baggage-master Ernest Peters of the Pennsylvania line was given some strenuous exercises Wednesday afternoon in keeping the water pailed out of the ticket office. On account of inadequate drainage the water backed up in the sewer and was forced up through the sink with a force that sent it high in the room and over on the table. Mr. Peters arranged to catch the stream with buckets and stood from 4 o'clock till 5:15 during the hard rain pouring the water out of the window. He threw out about 200 gallons of water. This is not the first trouble they have had there on account of the sewer. Some of the employees there went in the ticket office before and found the waste basket floating around over the floor in the water.

There has been much trouble with the sewerage in different parts of the city to demonstrate that Councilman Brothman and others have been right in agitating for some time the necessity for better drainage facilities. Recent city councils have stopped or checked some of the unnecessary drains on the city treasury and there is room for still more economy in some lines that the city may be able to command more money to use in such needed improvements as a good sewerage system. It is to be hoped that before the present council goes out of office it will plan to leave us with an efficient sewerage which will be sufficient for years to come.

DAMAGE IN THE CITY.

On account of trouble with the drainage it was necessary for a workman to wade water waste deep in the cellar at the residence of Mrs. Regina Harlow at the corner of Second street and Central avenue, Wednesday afternoon. In fact, most all parts of the city have suffered from the hard rains since Tuesday afternoon. In the level places the water has stood in great ponds and lakes, in the lower places it has backed in and has been from one to three feet deep in many of the cellars. On the higher places and where the water had more fall it has washed a considerable amount of the sandbank away to lower levels. However, the damage from the heavy rains late Wednesday afternoon was nothing to compare with that of Tuesday night.

RIVER AT CINCINNATI.

The Ohio River had reached a fifty foot stage at Cincinnati this morning at nine o'clock and was then rising a foot an hour. Two feet more would shut them out of the Grand Central station at that place, so it is probable that the depot was deserted some time before noon at least.

WHITE RIVER.

River, 3 inches below January stage at Rockford at midnight, began falling at one o'clock a. m. Had fallen 12 inches at 2:30 this afternoon. Raised three inches per hour most of the day Wednesday up till 2 p. m., six inches per hour from 2 to 4 and 7 inches from 4 to 5. The rise at Columbus was more rapid during the forenoon than at Rockford. River reported on a stand still at Columbus at 8 o'clock this morning and also at 2:30 this afternoon. The hardest part of the rain late Wednesday afternoon was below Rockford which prevented the river from taking another rise at that place. Sand Creek, near the Azalia bridge, was rising slightly at 8 a. m. today.

Goes On the Road.

William H. Willman, the East Second street grocer, has accepted a position with the National Buscuit Company, and started out Monday morning on his first trip. However, he has not definitely decided whether or not he will remain with them permanently and, if he should decide to do so, he will determine later what he will do with his grocery store. He thinks that perhaps the outside work will be good for him.

STRONG Again

is what Mrs. Lucy Stovall, of Tilton, Ga., said after taking Kodol for Dyspepsia. Hundreds of other weak women are being restored to perfect health by this remedy. YOU may be well if you will take it.

Indigestion causes nearly all the sickness that women have. It deprives the system of nourishment and the delicate organs peculiar to women suffer—weakens, and become diseased.

Kodol For Dyspepsia

enables the stomach and digestive organs to digest and assimilate all of the wholesome food that may be eaten. It nourishes the body, and rebuilds the weak organs, restoring health and strength. Kodol relieves indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, sour risings, belching, heartburn and all stomach disorders.

Digests What You Eat

Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching, flat gas, etc.

Prepared at the Laboratory of E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Circuit Court.

Action on cases in the circuit court during the past few days have been as follows:

Peoples State Bank vs Samuel L. Garriott, on note. Judgment of \$300 for plaintiff.

Wm. A. Cartwright vs John W. Schneider et al., damages growing out of the death of plaintiff's son, Harrison Cartwright, who fell while at work on the Odd Fellows building at Brownstown. Compromised.

State vs Wm. A. Hughes and Cynthia West, charging adultery. Hughes plead guilty and was fined one dollar and given thirty days in jail. The woman was given her freedom until next term of court on account of the absence of prosecuting witness.

Emeline Scott et al vs Jacob Brannaman, partition of real estate and sale by commissioners approved.

Elizabeth Coleman vs Chas. Coleman, divorce. Dismissed.

Geo. W. Zollman vs County Commissioners. Dismissed.

Clara Acker vs Chas. Acker and New York Life Insurance Co., alimony; plaintiff given \$374.22, amount due the defendant on his father's life insurance.

Anna M. E. Acker et al vs New York Insurance Co., on policy; amount of policy distributed as follows: Herman Holtman, administrator of estate of Wm. Acker, deceased, \$41.83; Barnes & Lewis, assignees of John Acker, bankrupt, \$374.22; Clara Acker, \$374.22; Anna M. E. Acker, \$119.21.

D. B. Eddy, Executor of the last will of John Cross, deceased, vs Trustees of Houston M. E. church, for construction of will; Court held that by the will Trustee of said church is to have control of said estate and trustee to give a bond of \$6000.

NEW CASES.

Samuel H. Lucas vs Wm. G. Woodmansee, et al, to quiet title.

Pauline Todd vs Frank Scott, et al on note; demand \$150.

John W. Fountain vs Eva Utterback on note; demand \$125.

Born.

To Van Robertson and wife, of Brownstown, March 7, a daughter.

Cause of Stomach Troubles.

When a man has trouble with his stomach you may know that he is eating more than he should or of some article of food or drink not suited to his age or occupation, or that his bowels are habitually constipated. Take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to regulate the bowels and improve the digestion and see if the trouble does not disappear. Ask for a free sample. Sold by C. W. Milhous.

Doctors recommend Becker Brothers celebrated Graham flour for weak stomachs. For sale by leading grocers.

New Idea Magazine

(APRIL NUMBER)

Just Arrived. 5 Cents per Copy.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TAKEN

C. R. HOFFMANN'S CASH HOUSE

22 South Chestnut St., Seymour, Indiana.

What few tailors

Get the right tip on what to wear.

Greys in fancy patterns and Blue Serges will be the cloths for this season.

Until one has seen the new Spring samples of Ed. V. Price & Co., the Chicago Merchant Tailors, they have no conception of the variety of shades and assortment of patterns that can be designed in these fabrics.

Greys in all shades of plain weaves, in stripes, in fancy silk designs. Greys in over-plaids, shadow plaids, club checks, in endless variety.

Blue Serges in broad, medium and narrow weaves. Blue Serges in Novelty designs, over-plaids, stripes and checks.

Not a dozen or two but five hundred styles to select from. The choice fabrics from the leading looms of the world, gathered together by this enterprising firm of Merchant Tailors, from which we can make you beautiful suits tailored to fit your form for \$20 to \$35.

Don't be the last man in town to put on new clothes.

Call and see fabrics 3220, 3262, 3280, 3297.

113 North Chestnut St. Seymour, Indiana

H. E. WEITHOFF,

WE SAW WOOD

Right along here, but must also say something about it in the public prints, else you might not know that here you can obtain an A1 grade of kiln dried, well seasoned, tongued and grooved flooring, ceiling and outside lumber lath and shingles—all sorts of hard and soft woods.

The Travis Carter CO

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

Carl Hodapp, baggage master for the B. & O. S-W. at this place, laid off today to go to Indianapolis at 3:35 this afternoon to attend the funeral of his uncle, Daniel B. Hudson, which occurs at that place tomorrow. Horace Brown is handling the baggage in Mr. Hodapp's place.

Dr. Drago's optical office open Saturday, Sunday, Monday. Call soon. d&wf

Pennsylvania LINES

Washington, D.C.

Excursion March 23

Chance for Easter Visit to National Capitol. Especially attractive at this season.

St. Louis Excursion

March 15, 16, 17, Bowling Cong.

Louisville

March 18, 21, 23, 25, 28 and 30

Greater Louisville Exposition.

Indianapolis

March 26, 27, 28 and 29,

Masonic Meetings and Southern Indiana Teachers' Association.

For details, consult Pennsylvania lines ticket agent J. W. Wray, Seymour.

KORN-KINKS

MALTED CORN FLAKES, Ready to Serve, Hot or Cold

While Mammy was lazily doing the wash,
She said to herself: "D's labor is bosh,
Ah wish dat de tub would run from de room
And nevah come back to worry dis coon."
No sooner she'd spoke, when her wish it came true,
And Kornelia Kinks was the cause of it, too.

Cheerful faces, good digestions and strong muscles belong to those who eat "Korn Kinks" regularly. Delicate, tasty, digestible, sustaining—made of malted corn and a welcome treat for any meal. At your grocer's for only 5c. a package.

THE H-O CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

5¢

PETTERMAN, The Tailor,

WANTS TO SEE ALL MEN
FOR SPRING SUITS



MESSAGE OF SPRING

WE are ready now to show you what the master tailors have prepared for your spring wear. Never before have we been able to show such an assortment of patterns, colorings and styles for men, boys and children.

Our Clothes are Distinctive

MEN'S SUITS

6.50 to 25.00

BOYS' SUITS

5.00 to 15.00

TOP COATS

8.50 to 20.00

CHILDREN'S SUITS

1.50 to 7.00

The Hub.

NOW READY

"LATTER-DAY SWEETHEARTS"—By Mrs. Butron Harrison. A new novel everybody will read. 50c instead of \$1.18. Only at
T. R. CARTER'S
15 N. CHESTNUT ST.

ONE WEEK'S TRIAL FREE!

National Inverted Gas Light.

Diffuses light downward, where it is needed. Better by test than electric light at much lower cost. Automatic regulator prevents excess of gas pressure. The most durable and economical light on the market.

W. A. CARTER & SON.,
EAST SECOND ST., SEYMOUR, IND.

WANT ADVERTISING

Not to read the store-ads. is to flout the first and last articles of your "thrill creed."

DIRT.—For sale. Shields & Shields. m16d

FOR SALE—Work horse, three years old, and driving mare, ten years old, in foal. Inquire at 129 South Vine street. m16d

WANTED—Buyers for some Real Estate bargains. See E. C. Bollinger Land Agency. m16d

HAVE some buyers for residence property. You may have what these people want. W. F. MILLER, Seymour. m12d-1f

CRACKED EGGS.—14 cents per dozen at Berdon's barber shop or Hadley Poultry Co's plant. Leaking eggs 12 cents. m19d

PRIVATE SALE—Of household goods, consisting of walnut bed-room suit, parlor suit, side-board, chairs, heating and cook stove, dishes and other articles of household goods. GEO. D. PRICE 701 N. Ewing St. m15d

FOR SALE—Brick business house, 1 1/2 stories, metal roofed, in good business town with natural gas and cherry, gas, water works, furnace, electric lights, concrete walks and must be seen to be appreciated. de.o.d.2w.kly2

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PERSONAL.

Joe Robertson, of Brownstown, was in this city today.

A. J. Schmitt made a business trip to Henryville yesterday.

Mort Crabb was a business passenger to Shelbyville yesterday.

O. C. Hubbard, of Bedford, was in this city again today on business.

J. W. Cunningham, of Brownstown, was in this city over night and returned home today on No. 7.

Charles Adams, one of the many progressive farmers in Redding township, was in town today.

Chas. F. Robertson, of Brownstown, is at Indianapolis undergoing treatment and is reported to be improving.

A. J. Waskom, agent for the Burlington at Halsey, Nebraska, is visiting relatives and friends in this county.

Miss Bertha Heller, who teaches at Crothersville, is at her home at Brownstown this week on account of sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Thompson, of Blomington, were in this city this morning and went out over the Southern Indiana.

Mrs. Henry Rinne returned from Indianapolis Wednesday evening where she had been called several days ago on account of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Michael Farrell.

Senator Carl E. Wood, Thomas M. Honan and Fernando W. Wesner went to Brownstown on No. 7 today to attend court. On account of the train being late they got out of here about five minutes after 12 o'clock.

Mrs. William Leffel, formerly Mrs. Ida Meyers, shipped her household goods to Indianapolis yesterday and left for that place this afternoon at 3:35 where she and her husband will go to housekeeping at once on South Meridian street.

Spaulding E. Michot, the organizer of the Pathfinders Lodge here, spent Sunday at Louisville, then went to Bedford and from there to Columbus. He arrived back in Seymour yesterday and will be present this evening at the regular meeting of the local lodge.

Rescued the Pony.

Wednesday evening William Kinney, of Jonesville, left this city for home about 6 o'clock. He got over the bridge at Rockford with his buggy and his western pony all right but before he reached the high ground at Richard Madden's residence he got into deep water. A swift current was running over the road but he drove in. He was unfortunate and drove off the grade into the ditch. His pony floundered and was unable to pull out. He managed to get the pony loose from the buggy and then waded out, supposing that the pony would do the same thing. But the pony lost its bearings, struck a current and was carried down about 150 yards onto a drift of corn stalks held by a wire fence and remained there all night. Thursday morning Kinney offered \$10 to any one who would restore to him his faithful driving nag. It was then that Perry Madden and Joe Olinger went to the rescue in a boat. They succeeded in their effort and soon had the weary and hungry pony on solid ground.

Fireman Wilson No Better.

The condition of Fireman Wilson is perhaps but very little, if any, improved since Wednesday. He has been sleeping a good deal more but it seems uncertain how much this may indicate for the better as his fever went up to 102 last night. Callers are not allowed to interrupt him. While it has been the intention to remove him to Jeffersonville or Louisville as soon as possible, his condition has never yet been such that it was thought advisable to move him.

Mayor's Court.

Herschel Weiniger, of near Kurtz, pleaded guilty to a charge of malicious trespass Wednesday morning before Mayor Kyte and was fined \$5 and costs amounting to \$15.50. He was taken to Brownstown by Chief of Police Mortz where he will lay it out at the rate of \$1 per day. It is said that Weiniger became noisy in Jess Prall's saloon and was put out by the bartender. When the door was shut he made a pass at it and ran his arm through the glass receiving a slight cut on the arm.

New Band Instruments.

The newly organized band received most of their new instruments this morning. The rest are being made and will be shipped as soon as completed. It is the purpose of the men to develop a first class band.

Sold Property.

W. J. Durham as agent has sold a residence property on south Broadway belonging to Isaac Apgar next to the one in which he lives to Joe Hedges, a B. & O. S. W. engineer, for \$750 cash.

Pure home made candy, in hot chocolate at the Sparta Confectionary, No. 8 1/2 S. Chestnut street. m14d

JNO. L. KESSLER

Died Suddenly at His Home Wednesday Evening.

Died at his residence on North Walnut street, at 7 o'clock p. m., JOHN L. KESSLER. The cause of death was acute congestion of the lungs. His sickness was of but a few days, and indeed, until within two hours of his decease, members of his family had no apparent reason to fear a fatal result.

John L. Kessler was born at the small farmers' village of Kerechenlamitz, Germany, May 10, 1846. In 1859, at the age 13, he in company with his sister, left his native land for America. His destination was Vernon, Jennings county, Indiana, where lived an uncle. He at once began to earn his living by any work he could find. The war soon after breaking out, he enlisted as a bugler in the 13th Ind. Infantry, and when that regiment was changed to the 13th cavalry, he re-enlisted and followed its fortunes until the close of the war. He then came to Seymour and began service as an apprentice in the tin shop of Conrad Haub. August 30, 1869 he was married to Matilda H. Davison, and he then bought a tin shop at Brownstown, and there he first began business for himself. He was successful and in a few years had accumulated enough to enable him to make profitable investments. In 1876 he moved to Seymour, and with his brother-in-law, A. A. Davison, built the present hardware house on Second street, and for some years was engaged in the general hardware trade, under the firm name of Davison & Kessler. Mr. Davison retiring from business in 1884 left Mr. Kessler sole proprietor of the property. He continued in the business until a few years ago, when he sold his interest to his son and retired to private life. He was one of the early stock holders of the Seymour National bank, and since then has had a continual place on its board of directors. He has been connected with many of the business enterprises of our city, but has never sought public office. To him and wife were born four children, three of whom died in infancy. Charles, his only living child, his wife, a brother, Michael, in Germany, and two sisters, Mrs. Chas. Leininger, of Seymour, and Mrs. Adam Grumm, of Indianapolis, are the immediate relatives that survive him.

John L. Kessler was popularly known and universally respected in our city and county. His characteristics were absolute honesty, strict integrity, incessant industry, sensible economy, rigid truthfulness, broad but quiet benevolence, and unwavering fidelity in friendship. Equipped with these virtues and supported by a fixed faith in the Christian religion, his life was without fear or shame, and he leaves us all with hearts laden with profound sorrow.

Faithful Boys.

The boys who carry the REPUBLICAN covered their routes last evening in a rain storm that would drive many older people to shelter. Yet they made their rounds without a murmur. Their work under such trying circumstances is thoroughly appreciated by the publishers and likewise by the readers of the REPUBLICAN. Such boys deserve the highest commendation. As an evidence of appreciation speak a good word to the boy that delivers your paper when he comes around to collect Saturday and if you happen to be one of a few who are a little in the arrears be ready Saturday to square up with the boy.

Piles Piles Piles!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for piles and itching of the private parts. Sold by A. J. Pollens, mail 50 cents and 1.00, Williams' Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O. eod&w

Funeral Notice.

The funeral of the late John Kessler will be from the family residence on Saturday March 16th at 2 o'clock p. m.

Those desiring to view the remains will please call between the hours of 9 and 12 of that date.

Judge Was Absent.

Judge John W. Macey was expected here from Winchester some time Wednesday to hear arguments on the motion for a new trial in the case of the First National Bank, of Seymour against Cyrus E. McCreedy and the Federal Union Surety Company. Judge John M. Lewis, one of the attorneys for the plaintiff, came up from Seymour this morning to be heard in the matter. The defense is making the motion for a new trial.—Columbus Republican.

Judge Macey did not arrive but telegraphed during the day that he would be on hand Friday.

THE SWELLEST OF EASTER ATTIRE! OUR READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT



Bewitching new suits in the most beautiful of spring materials, smart Coats and Jackets, full of grace and style. Dressy Skirts with platings and trimmings in the latest effects.

What woman can resist the charms of these garments?

What woman can withstand the impelling desire to purchase when we ask such moderate prices?

We will not try to describe the various garments we offer, but will only give a touch on the range of prices.



Ladies' Covert Jackets in all the leading styles 5.00, 6.98, 7.50 up to 10.00 **3.98**

Ladies' Eton Suits in the new manish effects 15.00, 18.00, 20.00 and up **12.50**

Ladies' and Misses' Novelty Coats in checks, stripes and plaids 5.00, 6.98, 7.50 **3.98**

Stylish Eton Suits in Chiffon, Panama, in the new shades as well as the fancy Suits 20.00, 25.00 and up **15.00**

Jap Silk Waists - **1.49, 1.98, 2.49**

Lingerie Waists 98c. **1.49, 1.98** and up

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE.

Scenes Painted.

John Bartlett has just finished painting the special scenery used in the coming production of "The County Chairman." It was first intended to have the work done in Chicago but Bartlett has demonstrated his ability as a scene painter. When the curtain goes up in the first act of this great play on Tuesday night March 26 the people who attend will have a chance to judge the merit of his work.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney Co., Toledo Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo Ohio
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

A 10 room Mansion, well located and with all modern conveniences. A new 5 room cottage.
A 140 acre farm one mile from the city. Well improved.
Building lots in any part of the city. Other investments. See E. C. BOL LINGER, Room 3, Hancock Bld'g.

OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT

J. E. BARTLETT, Mgr.

Tuesday, March 19, 1907

The Great Lafayette

AND HIS

Own Superb Company

In Three Grand Productions

MYSTERY

MIRTH

MUSIC

The largest and best attraction on the road today, carrying two special cars. Beautiful scenic and electrical effects.
Prices 25, 35, 50, 75. Boxes \$1.00.

The Blue Bird

Is the real harbinger of spring. Wait until you hear it's merry warble before you declare springtime is here. Meanwhile, you will find delight in using Sylvan Soap in your toilet. It is fragrant as flowers, and possesses all qualities to make it good. Lorna, Thelma, Moss Rose, Wild Grape, Wood Violet and Flower Girl are some of our popular perfumes. Inspect them any day.
COX PHARMACY, Phone 100

INSURANCE

Of all kinds written
FIRE, TORNADO AND LIFE
We go on your Bond.
Geo. Schaefer, First Nat. Bank Bldg



Of this fact. No matter what coal you have tried, you will find that when you burn our

RAYMOND CITY

COAL

there is a difference. The difference is for the better. If your supply of coal is getting low better place your order with us now for Raymond City coal at

\$3.75

PER TON

EBNER

Ice and Cold Storage Co

PHONE NO. 4.

Easter!



According to the antics of the moon, Easter Sunday will arrive on

MARCH 31.

Thousands of men will spring their Spring Suits and Spring Toggery on Easter Sunday, for according to custom which is law

IT'S THE TIME
FOR DOING SO

We are in fine shape for Easter trade. Smart Suits, Top Coats, Swell Hats, Elegant Easter Neckwear and other Haberdashery will make this store headquarters for men, boys and children who want the things for Easter.

THOMAS CLOTHING CO.

COAL!

We handle all kinds and deliver promptly at lowest prices. Let us supply your coal bins for the chilly days that come this month.

H. F. WHITE, Phone 1

ELMER E. DUNLAP, ARCHITECT, COLUMBUS, IND. Indianapolis Office: 408 State Life Building.

DR. F. LETT VETERINARY SURGEON, 1015 Third Street, Indianapolis, Ind. Phone No. 80.

LEWIS & SWAILS, LAWYERS, Seymour, - - - Indiana

BATHS

Take Turkish Salt-glow Baths for all kinds of Lung Trouble.

ALERT'S TURKISH BATH ROOM

Congdon & Durham

Fire, Tornado, Liability Accident and Sick Benefit

INSURANCE

Real Estate, Rental Agency Prompt Attention to All Business, No. 111 EXETER

Drugs & Medicines.

Prescription work a Specialty.

MEYERS DRUG STORE,

861, Chestnut St. Phone

See I. L. WHITE for

Fine Confections, Ice Cream, Sodas and Sundaes, Bricks and Individuals. Also Fresh Oysters.

15 E. 2nd St. Phone

"We Go on Your Bond."

Buy the Traveler's Life and Accident Contracts. Fire, Cyclone, Burglary Insurance REAL ESTATE, LOANS, NOTARY 41 S. Chestnut St. Clark B. Davis

T. M. JACKSON, Jeweler & Optician

104 W. SECOND ST.

I.C.B.S. SOUTHERN TRACTION CO. Indianapolis, Columbus and Seymour Traction Company.

Through passenger trains leave Columbus for Indianapolis and intermediate points every hour from 5:40 a. m. to 9:40 p. m. The 11:00 p. m. train runs to Greenwood only.

Trains leave Indianapolis for Columbus every hour from 6:10 a. m. until 8:10 p. m.; also at 10:10 p. m. and 11:15 p. m.

The first train arrives at Columbus from Greenwood and way points at 7:10 a. m. and from Indianapolis at 7:10 a. m. and from Indianapolis at 7:10 a. m. to 10:10 p. m.; also at 11:50 p. m. and 12:56 p. m.

Passengers for Indianapolis leaving Seymour at 8:06 and 9:50 a. m., 3:35 and 5:18 p. m. can reach Indianapolis by changing cars at Columbus at 8:40, 10:40 a. m., 4:40 and 6:40 p. m.

Trains leaving Indianapolis at 6:10 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 3:10 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. connect a Columbus with south-bound Pennsylvania trains for Seymour.

Baggage carried on all trains. Tickets sold to all points. See time table folders in all cars and stations.

A. A. ANLEIGH, Gen. Mgr.

Bad Breath.

A well-known physician, who undoubtedly knows, declares that bad breath has broken off more matches than bad temper.

There are ardent lovers who must sometimes wish their sweethearts presented sweeter mouths to be kissed. Good teeth cannot prevent bad breath when the stomach is disordered. The best cure for bad breath is a cleansing out of the body by use of

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic laxative. This is a herb medicine, sold in 25c. and 50c. packages by druggists and it is saving more doctor's bills than any other medicine has ever saved. It cures headache, backache, indigestion, constipation and skin diseases.

SOUTH DRIFTWOOD

Thornton Waskom, Emily Watts and Mrs. Julius Huddleson are sick.

Born to Charles Edwards and wife twins, boy and girl; to Will Shoemaker and wife a girl; to Rev. Jungal and wife a girl.

Mrs. Kate Haman entertained her friends with a quilting party last Thursday.

The many friends are glad hear that Mrs. Fred Tuelker has returned home from Indianapolis.

Alex Sutton, of Kossuth, is visiting G. Sutton, who is very sick of bright's disease.

Everett Hobbs and wife were called to Salem Friday to the bedside of Aunt Lizzie Hotchkiss. She is some better.

August Snyder and nephew of Wegan, visited Mrs. Wm. A. Dickmeyer Sunday.

Wm. Alexander and son are painting the new church which is about completed.

Elder Crab will preach Saturday night, Sunday and Sunday night. There will be baptizing Sunday.

Henry Schaffer is building a new barn.

George Summa and wife of Medora, visited their son, George Summa, Jr., Sunday.

Daniel Empson, of Waskom, was here Monday looking after the work on the new church.

Do Not Crowd the Season

The first warm days of spring with them a desire to get out and enjoy the exhilarating air and sunshine. Children that have been housed up all winter are brought out and you wonder where they all came from. The heavy winter clothing is thrown and many shed their flannels. Then a cold wave comes and the people say that grip is epidemic. Colds at this season are much more danger of pneumonia. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, however and you will have nothing to fear. It always cures and we have never known a cold to result in pneumonia when it was used. It is pleasant and safe to take. Children like it. For sale by C. W. Milhous.

WEST REDDINGTON

One of James Baldwin's mules is very bad sick with lockjaw.

Andy Haskett was severely bitten by a cat one day last week.

Miss Flossie Walker of Seymour, visited the family of Anthony Haskett over Sunday.

John Hamilton who has been sick, remains about the same.

James Foist lost a horse one day last week.

Wm. Hohnstreiter and family moved on John Hamilton's farm recently.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is both Agreeable and Effective

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has no superior for coughs, colds and croup, and the fact that it is pleasant to take and contains nothing in any way injurious has made it a favorite with mothers. Mr. W. S. Pelham, a merchant of Kirksville, Iowa, says: "For more than twenty years Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been my leading remedy for all throat troubles. It is especially successful in cases of croup. Children like it and my customers who have used it will not take any other." For sale by C. W. Milhous.

BEECH GROVE.

On account of the bad weather there was no preaching at this place Saturday night.

Mrs. Margaret Dixon, who has been quite sick at the home of J. Q. Foster, is better.

Perry B. Taulman transacted business at Corydon last week.

D. Martin of Greensburg, called on Wm. Taulman and family Sunday.

U. G. King, of Indianapolis, and James King, of Iowa, are visiting relatives at this place.

Mrs. Newt Wetzel, of Alpha, visited her parents last week.

Southern Indiana Ry. Special

EXCURSION RATES

Round-trip tourist tickets on sale daily to all tourist points three to nine months limit; also one-way second class colonists tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month to various points in South, Southeast, West Southwest, Northwest and Mexico. For further particulars call us up. Phone 55 or write me.

C. H. ADAMSON, Agt.

A SPECIAL SESSION

Late Legislature May Be Called Back to Reconsider the Appropriations Bill.

POSSIBILITIES OF THE CASE

Such an Action Would Open Up the Late Struggle and Might Have For Reaching Consequences.

The Governor Disapproves Certain Items in Appropriation Bill and May Veto the Measure.

Indianapolis, March 14.—Governor Hanly is considering the vetoing of the general appropriations bill. The governor talked with Lieutenant Governor Miller and others about the bill and indicated that he may veto it because of the appropriation of \$25,000 for an Indiana exhibit at the Jamestown (Va.) exposition, and on account of the increase of the salary of Miss Mary Stubbs, state statistician, from \$2,000 to \$3,000 a year. He is also said to be angry because the appropriations bill carried an allowance for an increase of salary to Oscar Hadley, state treasurer. The governor, it is said, thinks that Hadley should not receive an increase prior to Dec. 1, when the public depositories and treasurer's salary bills go into effect. It is understood that Lieutenant Governor Miller and others advised him to sign the bill and not to call a special session, as it is probable that the legislature would very promptly pass the measure over his veto, as the appropriations bill seemed to meet with general approval.

If a special session should be called now it is very likely that nothing could be done before the metropolitan police bill was considered, as the Democrats in the house threatened Monday to hold up the appropriations bill until the police bill was resurrected and put through over the governor's veto. The special session could not be limited to the general appropriations bill, and it is likely that the Farber insurance bill and others of importance might be taken up. The vetoing of the general appropriations bill would be of far-reaching significance, as the wheels of the government of the state might be stopped. The bill carried appropriations aggregating \$6,000,000 for the next two years, and even that large amount is hardly sufficient for the expenditures under the present circumstances. A special session would cost in the neighborhood of \$50,000, and the items Governor Hanly objects to do not amount to \$30,000.

OLD LAW CORRECTED

Defect in Act of 1905 Acquits Saloon Keeper.

Jasper, Ind., March 14.—Jacob Mittlebuehler, justice of the peace at Celestine, and a former saloon keeper of that place, was tried in this city on affidavits filed by Messrs. Schneider. The defendant retained Congressman Cox, former Senator Milburn and former Representative Kean to defend him, all of whom asserted that under the acts of 1905 it was not a violation of the law for a saloon keeper to deliver intoxicating liquor to a minor, the act of that year omitting the word "deliver." The jury took view of the case and acquitted Mittlebuehler of all the charges against him. The legislature just adjourned has corrected the defect in the law of 1905.

Expensive Litigation Opened.

Logansport, Ind., March 14.—A suit filed by Dr. M. A. Jordan to enjoin Mayor McKee and the board of works from assessing any part of the cost of the big sewer to the city, is the beginning of long and expensive litigation, unless some settlement by compromise is made. Both sides are determined to win this fight. Dennis Uhl is involved thousands of dollars by doing the work, and Dr. Jordan is backed by other citizens, determined to prevent any such contracts in the future. The new law which provides for the special arrangement with Contractor Uhl was the one passed over the governor's veto and that caused such excitement in the senate last week when Senator Will Wood attacked Governor Hanly.

Dr. Arnold Acquitted.

Columbus, Ind., March 14.—Dr. John W. Arnold, accused of malpractice, and whose license has been revoked by the state board of medical examination and registration, was acquitted by a jury in the circuit court after being out fewer than fifteen minutes.

Miss Edna McCallip, supposed to be a star witness for the state, testified for the defense; fully exonerating Dr. Arnold, and denying she had undergone any such treatment as embraced in the charges filed against the accused physician. Dr. Arnold has appealed from the action of the state board in the matter of revocation of license to the circuit court, and it is the general belief that his license will be restored.

State Sunday School Convention. Kokomo, Ind., March 14.—The state Sunday school convention will be held here June 18, 19 and 20. There will be 800 delegates in the convention and a large number of other Sunday school workers from every part of the state.

The Texas Wonder.

Cures All Kidney, Bladder and Rheumatic troubles, sold by all druggists or two months treatment by mail for \$1.00. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive street, St. Louis. Send for testimonials.

NEW STATE LAWS

The Sixty-fifth General Assembly of the state of Indiana enacted an enormous mass of legislation. Among the bills passed were a number of far-reaching general importance. Chief among them is the pure food law, the two-cent fare law, the revision of the obnoxious ditch law, a law for the inspection of private banks, a more comprehensive anti-trust law, the creation of depositories for public funds, a law to wipe out "blind tigers," provisions for a "primary election system in the counties of Marion, Vanderburg, Allen and Vigo, a law for a uniform system of management of public institutions, a law providing for the erection of a hospital for consumptives, the creation of a commission to arrange for the celebration of Indiana's centennial in 1916, a law enlarging the powers of the railroad commission, a revision of the Moore temperance law, placing the burden of proof in remonstrance cases upon the applicant for a license, and a law fixing the salaries of county treasurers, who, by reason of the creation of public depositories, are deprived of the interest accruing from the funds in their hands. Besides these there were the usual batch of legalizing and enabling acts and measures of merely local importance.

Among the special acts were provisions for the filling of Indiana's vacant niche in Statuary Hall in the capitol at Washington with a statue of General Lew Wallace; making Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday; for giving proper care to the grave of Nancy Hanks Lincoln; for marking the position of Indiana companies at the battle of Vicksburg; for the erection of a monument on Tippecanoe battleground; appropriating \$10,000 for a monument to Indiana soldiers who died in Andersonville prison, and for the raising of flags over the public schools.

The interests of labor were further preserved by the enactment of several laws looking to the better safety of employees of factories, mines and railroads, and limiting the hours and labor of the latter. While a bill to prohibit child labor was rejected, the better moral safeguarding of the children was provided for by the enactment of several drastic laws to that end. Among these is one raising the "age of consent" to sixteen years, and providing that any man convicted of abusing a girl less than twelve years old shall be imprisoned for life. It has provided that an unnatural parent who leads his own child astray may be sent to the state prison for twenty-one years instead of only five as heretofore; has made the mere fact that a man takes a girl under eighteen years old to a saloon or winery, or immoral place, presumptive evidence that he is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for from two to fourteen years, even though the girl be his own daughter; and has given the juvenile court power to require parents to take care of their children, reporting to the court at intervals for a period of two years, with a penalty of a \$500 fine and six months in the workhouse hanging over them in case of default. It also makes the desertion of wife and children a felony punishable by imprisonment for from one to three years, instead of a mere misdemeanor punishable with a light fine.

An effort to raise the saloon license fee to \$1,000 failed, as did an effort to repeal the metropolitan police law, and to provide for closer regulation of the insurance companies of the state. It was the governor's veto that settled the two latter propositions. On the insurance proposition the governor held that the bill had "more bad than good in it." The senate passed this bill over the governor's head, but a similar effort in the house failed. Several other completed bills met a like fate. In fact, probably never before has the veto power been so freely exerted in this state, although several measures were passed over the executive inhibition. Chief among these was the ancient claim of Vincennes university for \$120,000 in requital of losses that institution bore in an old congressional land deal with the state, which claim was allowed over an emphatic veto.

Measures were taken for increasing the salaries of teachers and salaries were raised at several other points. The general appropriations bill carried something over \$6,200,000. Among the appropriations was an item of \$25,000 to erect an Indiana building at the Jamestown exposition. The cost of the sixty-days' session was about \$125,000. The following bills of general importance have received the executive signature and will become laws upon their legal promulgation:

SENATE BILLS.

BLIND TIGER LAW. No. 90. Ganard. The "blind tiger" bill. This provides penalties for the unlicensed sale of liquors and the confiscation of the stock and fixtures of unlicensed dealers and the destruction of such stock upon proper order of the court. It also makes it unlawful for any druggist or pharmacist to barter or give away intoxicating liquor except on the written prescription of a reputable physician engaged in active practice of his profession. Any physician issuing such a prescription shall state the name and show thereon the full and true name of the person to whom it is issued, and shall sign the name personally or by agent for two years from the time of such conviction, and upon second conviction of selling liquor in violation of the laws of this state, any such druggist or pharmacist shall have his license as a registered pharmacist or registered assistant pharmacist revoked, and the judge or court convicting such druggist shall so order and send a copy of such order to the board of pharmacy. The board of pharmacy upon the receipt of which such license shall be revoked.

THE TWO-CENT FARE LAW. No. 5. Bland. Limiting charges for the transportation of passengers on the railroads of the state, providing for a straight two-cent fare where tickets are purchased, and 35c. cents where cash fare is paid to the conductor, in which case the latter shall issue a rebate slip to the passenger, the extra half-cent to be redeemable at any ticket office of the railroad on which the excess fare is paid. Children between the ages of five and twelve years shall be carried for half fare.

THE PRIVATE BANKING LAW. No. 15. Ganard. This law is designed to regulate better the business of private banks and bankers, and provide safeguards for the holders of the depositors. The main feature of the bill is that it provides for as many examinations each year as the board of state may desire to make. The cost of one examination each year must be borne by the bank itself, and the cost of additional examinations are to be paid for by the state.

No. 72. Pelzer. Providing for the improvement and the maintenance by the state of the grounds whereon the grave of Nancy Hanks Lincoln is located, and creating a commission and a fund for carrying these provisions into effect.

No. 28. Moore, T. T. Providing for the erection of a statue of General Lew Wallace in Statuary Hall in the capitol at Washington and appropriating \$5,000 therefor.

No. 290. Farber. To provide that whoever sells grain or other farm produce on which there is a chattel mortgage or land-lord's lien, without giving a notice in writing, shall be guilty of a felony.

No. 387. Hawkins. Anti-trust bill, revising the present law relating to corporations, and making provisions against competition in restraint of trade, and other impositions.

No. 30. Patterson. Legalizing acts of city councils in cities of the fifth class, where notices of such acts were published in a weekly instead of a daily paper.

No. 100. McCollum. Legalizing the incorporation of the town of Batesville.

No. 88. Cox. Amending the Indianapolis police pension fund law, giving more discretion to the governing body.

No. 221. Roemer. Providing that candidates for the superior bench in Marion county shall run for Room 1, 2 or 3, and not as a group.

No. 153. Mock. Making the throwing or placing of any acid, corroding or other irritating substance upon the person of another a felony, and providing a penalty.

No. 131. Moss. Legalizing the acts of the trustees of the town of Center Point regarding the location of certain streets and alleys.

No. 208. Springer. Giving town clerks a vote in case of a tie on the town board.

No. 265. Goodwine. Permitting the hospital for the insane at East Haven (Richmond) to conduct a laundry.

No. 17. Goodwine. Directing the distribution of certain dormant funds to the school funds of the several counties.

No. 45. Wood, W. R. To appropriate \$12,500 for the erection of a monument on the Tippecanoe battleground.

No. 86. Benz. To provide for friction locks on wagons.

No. 97. Kitching. To permit the building of a gravel road to a township line, even though it will not join another gravel road.

No. 103. Stotsenberg. To render valid conveyances by surviving wives and children of deceased husbands who have left second childless wives.

No. 104. Stotsenberg. To provide for the election by a surviving husband or wife of a new trustee of a trust created by will.

No. 125. Farber. To make wife desertion a felony.

No. 190. Patterson. To compel county auditors to publish the amount of loans of the common school fund.

No. 226. Moore of Fayette. To provide that a county should support the county institute to the extent of \$100.

No. 242. Moore of Fayette. To repeal the law creating the old savings banks.

No. 264. Stephenson. To amend act with reference to the incorporation of bonding and surety companies.

No. 371. Kirkman. To permit the transfer of funds from the special school fund to the general fund in certain cases.

No. 46. Wood of Tippecanoe. To prohibit Sunday barbering.

No. 78. Wood, E. E. Fixing the time of holding court in the 34th judicial circuit.

No. 51. Benz. Legalizing the incorporation of the German Mutual Fire Insurance company of Tell City.

No. 84. Wood of Jackson. Fixing the time of holding court in the 61st judicial circuit.

No. 18. Goodwine. Transferring \$9,097 now in the state land fund to the general fund.

No. 6. Rowser. Legalizing the incorporation of the town of Gary.

No. 69. Patterson. Incorporating the board of trustees of Moores Hill college.

No. 56. Ganard. To allow a maximum maintenance per diem for children in a county orphan's home to be 30 cents instead of 25 cents.

No. 105. Strange. Enabling farmers to organize mutual "cyclone" insurance companies.

No. 19. Caynes. Providing that a tenant who appropriates crops that belong to a landlord be guilty of embezzlement.

No. 22. Kimbrough. Appropriating \$200,000 for the maintenance of the binder twine factory at the state prison.

No. 18. Kitching. To permit the condemnation of real estate for school purposes.

No. 113. Rowser. Providing for the redemption of land bordering on Lake Michigan.

No. 212. Stotsenberg. Permitting cities to put municipal cemeteries under the control of a board of regents.

No. 220. McDowell. The Indiana Hotel Keepers' association bill, defining the liabilities of hotel keepers.

No. 222. Kimbrough. Appropriating \$38,000 for markers where Indiana companies fought in the battle of Vicksburg, and providing for a commission to look after the matter.

No. 353. Slack. Providing for the sale of school books to dealers instead of by the school authorities.

No. 273. Crumacker. Relating to the reclamation of swamp lands in St. Joseph and Stark counties.

No. 54. Cox. Limiting the price that shall be charged for gas at Indianapolis to 60 cents per thousand feet.



"Tut, tut," says the Man Who Knows, Uneeda Biscuit 5c NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



Gillette Razor NO STROPPING, NO HONING. Set consists of 12 double-edged blades (24 keen cutting edges) with triple silver-plated holder in velvet lined case. Each blade good for an average of more than 20 satisfying shaves. Handle and blade guaranteed to be perfect in material and workmanship. Inquire about SPECIAL FREE TRIAL OFFER. Gillette Sales Company, 21 Times Building, New York City.

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B. & O. S-W. Effective Sunday, Feb. 3, 1907. Greater Louisville Exposition—For the above occasion the B. & O. S-W. will sell tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return at reduced rates. Dates of sale March 18, 21, 23, 25, 28 and 30. Special Very Low One Way Rates.—To California, Mexico, Montana, Washington, Oregon and intermediate points on sale daily up to April 30th. Special Excursion to Washington, D. C.—On March 23 only tickets will be sold to Washington, D. C. Good to return any time up to April 1st, at a rate of \$17.70 for the round trip. Special home seekers to the west, south-west, east and south-east and south, on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month. Also special one way colonist to the west and south-west on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month. American Bowling Congress at St. Louis Mo.—For the above occasion tickets will be sold March 15, 16 and 17 at \$7.85 for the round trip. C. C. FREY, Agt. W. P. TOWNSEND D. P. A.

Southern Indiana Ry. TIME TABLE In Effect February 24th 1907. All trains run daily. North Bound. Lv Seymour 6:40 am 12:30pm 5:35pm Lv Bedford 8:01 am 1:50pm 6:54pm Lv Odon 9:11 am 2:58pm 8:00pm Lv Elmore 9:22 am 3:08pm 8:10pm Lv Beehunter 9:33 am 3:20pm 8:22pm Lv Linton 9:48 am 3:34pm 8:36pm Lv Jasonville 10:08 am 3:56pm 9:01pm Ar Ter Haute 11:00 am 4:50pm 9:55pm South Bound. 1 3 5 Lv Ter Haute 7:00 am 11:15am 5:45pm Lv Jasonville 7:53 am 12:09pm 6:38pm Lv Linton 8:12 am 12:29pm 7:02pm Lv Beehunter 8:24 am 12:41pm 7:15pm Lv Elmore 8:36 am 12:55pm 7:27pm Lv Odon 8:47 am 1:05pm 7:37pm Lv Bedford 10:05 am 2:20pm 8:50pm Ar Seymour 11:15 am 3:35pm 10:05pm For time tables and further information, apply to local agent, or H. P. RADLEY, G. P. & T. A. Grand Central Station, Chicago.

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